Massive Revisions to GDP Surprise To the Upside

A big part of the bearish thesis was upended last week.



Presented by:

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Recap:

Job market is sending recessionary undertones
Market valuations are at extreme levels
Consumer finances are stretched thin and hitting levels of distress

However, in a shocking development last week, the Q2 '24 GDP report brought absolutely massive revisions to key datapoints I have been talking about for many months as a part of the bear thesis:

Real Disposable Personal Income (DPI) revised up by a staggering 1.4 percentage points (from +1% to +2.4%). This means real DPI is now back to long-term trend.

Personal Savings revised from \$598 billion to \$1.05 trillion

Personal Savings Rate revised from 2.9% (a multi-decade low) to a much more respectable 4.8%

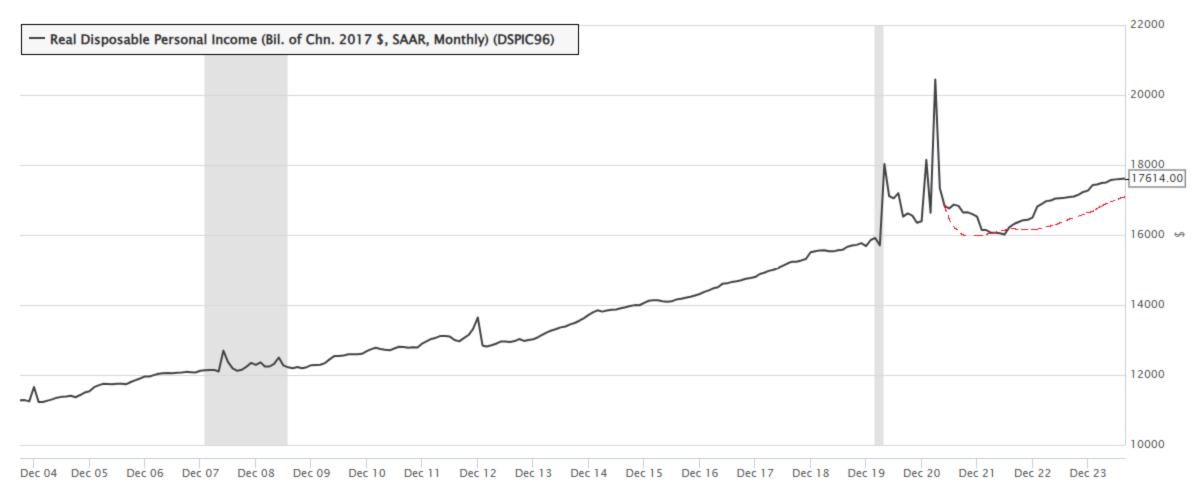
Prior to this revision, personal expenditures had been outpacing incomes, which has led to multi-decade low savings rate and puts the current pace of spending at severe risk right as unemployment makes its cyclical upswing.



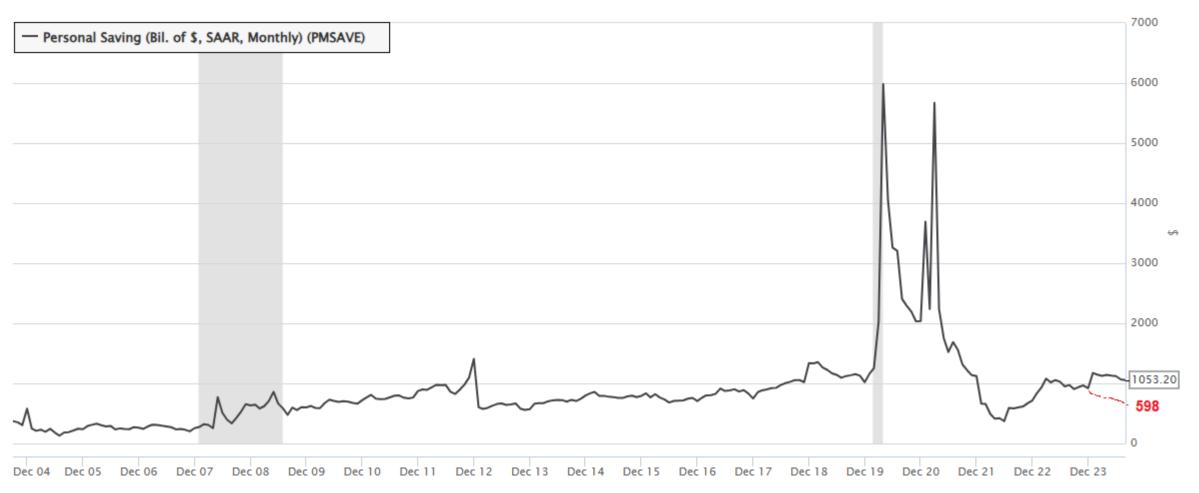
This very large and shocking upward revision to real disposable personal income puts it squarely back to long-run trend growth (it was well below trend), and catapults personal savings rates back to normal levels.

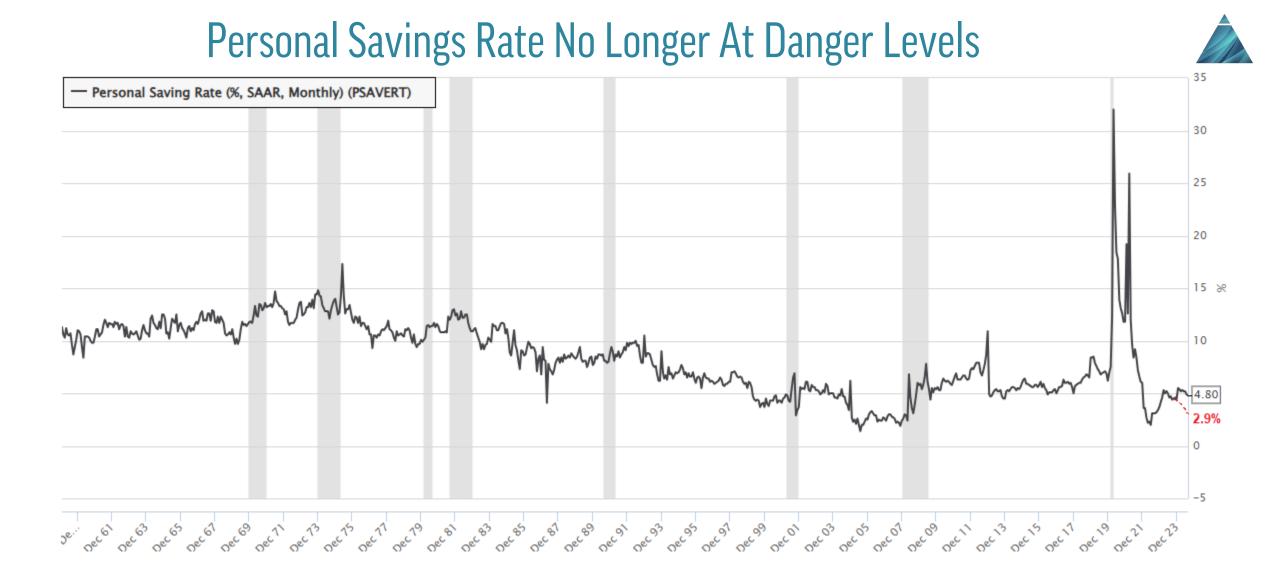
This suggests the consumer is in a much stronger position than I originally feared.

Real Incomes Revised Significantly Higher

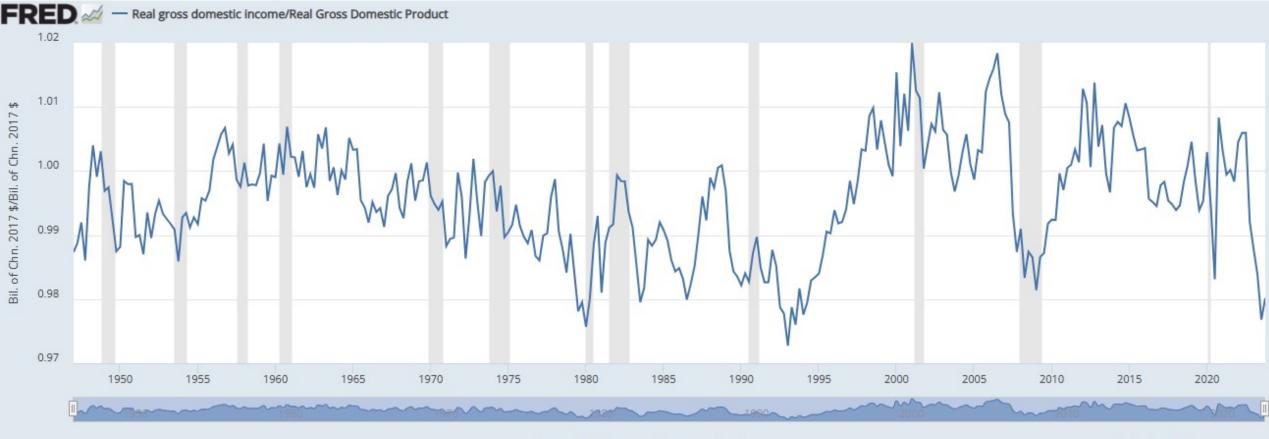








GDI Had Been Undermining GDP for Six Consecutive Quarters



Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

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But Now Revised Materially Higher



Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

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Prior to last week's revisions, real GDI YoY % growth had been significantly below real GDP for *six consecutive quarters*.

But now, after the revision, the BEA now states real GDI has been growing *faster* than real GDP for the past two quarters.



The upward revision to gross domestic income is significant, since the ratio of the two has historically provided a meaningful clue that the business cycle is about to turn from the prevailing trajectory.

With last week's revision, this is no longer the case.

YoY % Growth for GDP and GDI Before & After Last Week's Revisions



Item	Q4 2022	Q1 2023	Q2 2023	Q3 2023	Q4 2023	Q1 2024	Q2 2024
Real GDP	1.3%	2.3%	2.8%	3.2%	3.2%	2.9%	3.0%
Real GDI	1.0%	1.0%	1.6%	1.3%	2.9%	3.2%	3.5%
Real GDP	0.7%	1.7%	2.4%	2.9%	3.1%	2.9%	3.1%
Real GDI	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	-0.1%	1.6%	1.8%	2.0%



Prior to the revision, personal consumption (PCE) had been outpacing personal disposable income (DPI), with DPI growth well below trend.

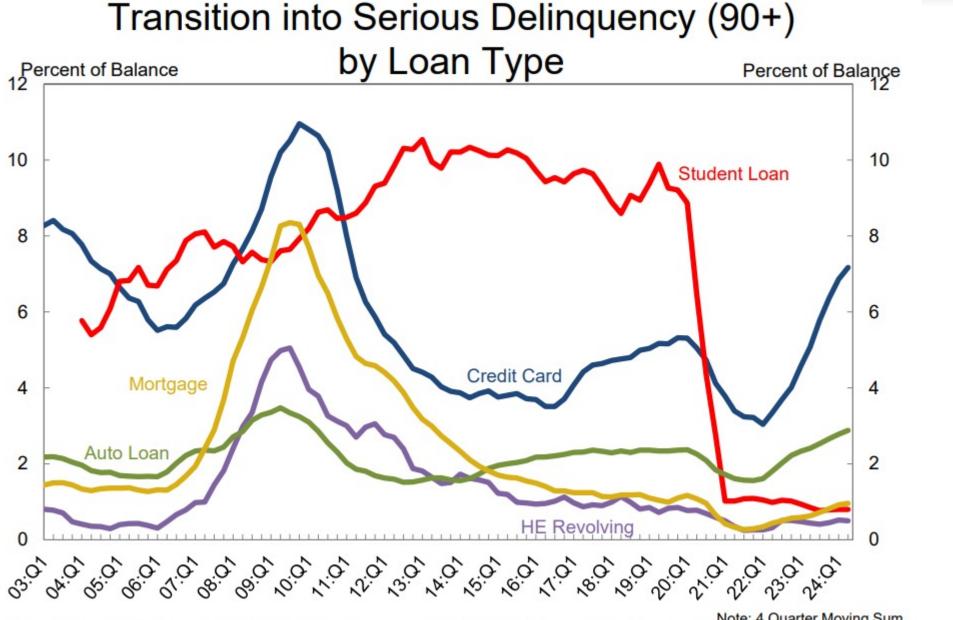
Spending in excess of income is not sustainable, which is why I was bearish on retail sales.

However, with last week's revision, this is no longer the case. Incomes turned out to be growing in-line with spending.



Despite this, I still remain cautious.

If consumers are still flushed with cash savings driven by incomes, why are loan delinquencies rising rapidly, and why are real retail sales still flat?



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Note: 4 Quarter Moving Sum Student loan data are not reported prior to 2004 due to uneven reporting

Consumer Discretionary EPS Forecasts Continue Negative Revisions

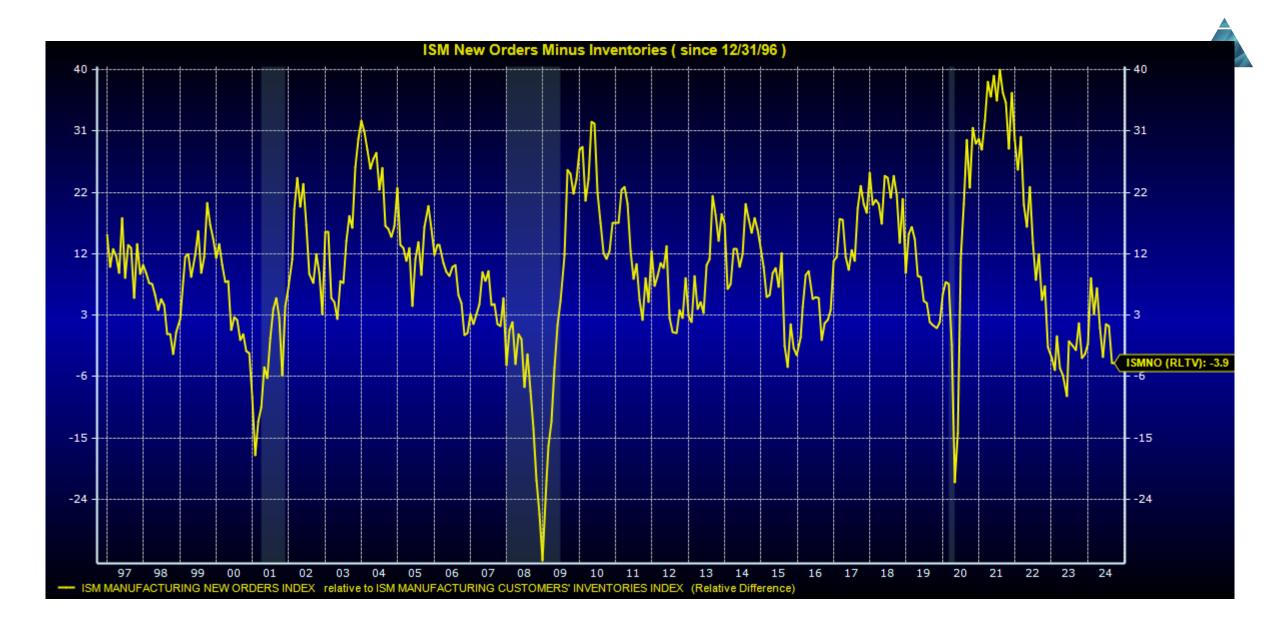




Source: Zacks Investment Research

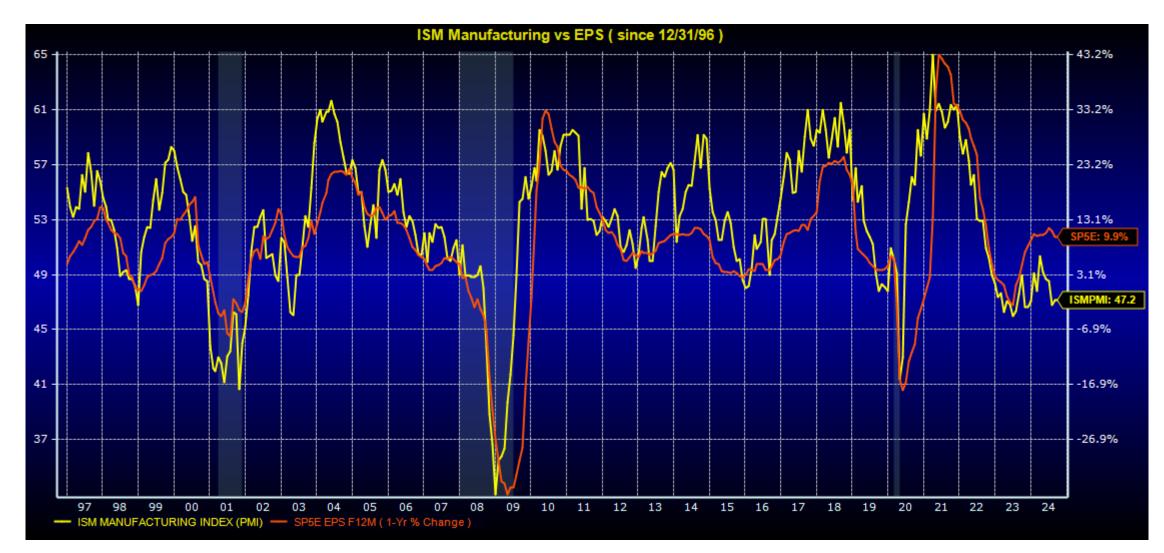


Changes in consumer behavior are getting noticed in both the August and September ISM Manufacturing surveys, where survey respondents have noticed significant slowdown in consumer activity.



ISM Manufacturing Now in Contraction for 22 out of 23 Months Continues to Forecast Negative EPS Revisions



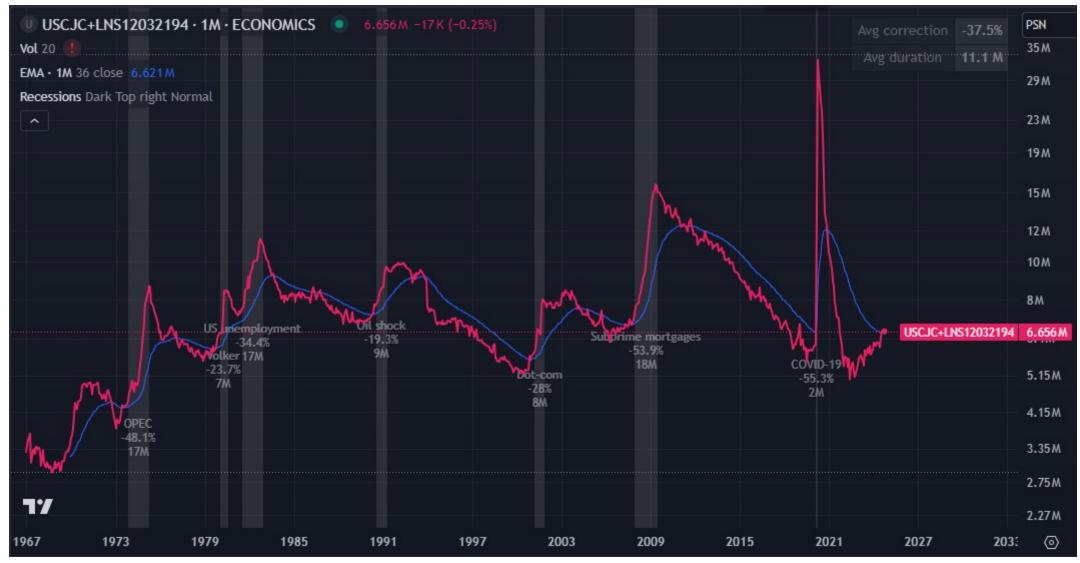




Job market has been consistently deteriorating for 12 months now, accelerating in July

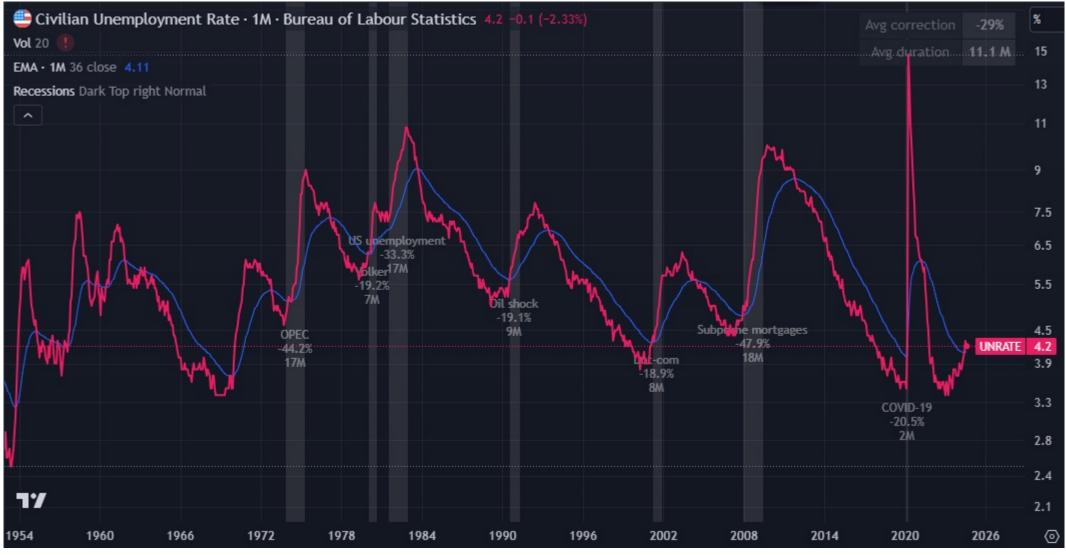


Unemployment Claims + Part-Time Jobholders for Economic Reasons Crosses Recession Threshold

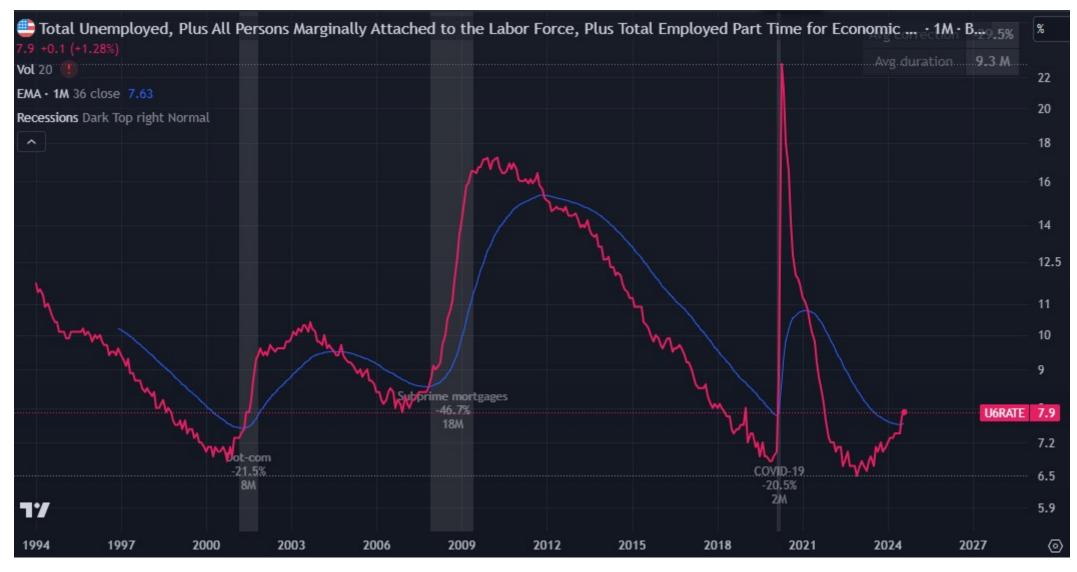




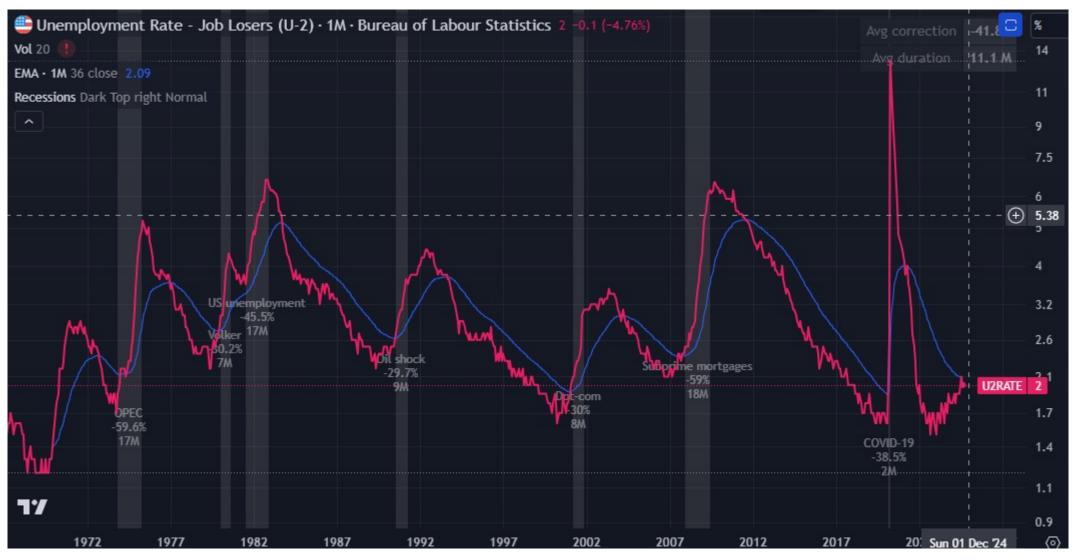
Unemployment Rate Crosses Recession Threshold



Broader Underemployment Rate (U-6) Crosses Recession Threshold



U-2 Unemployment (Strictest Definition) Has Not Yet Triggered Yet



10/3/24

Quality of Job Market Has Diminished Greatly

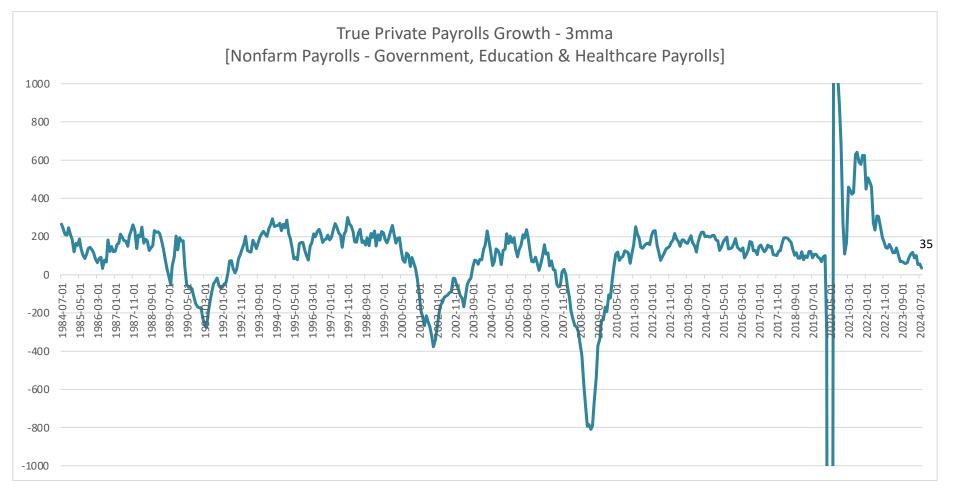


61% of all jobs created over the past 12 months came from government or government-adjacent industries

Household Employment Level Officially in Contraction

Trailing 12-month job growth has been revised lower by -20% (-450k jobs)

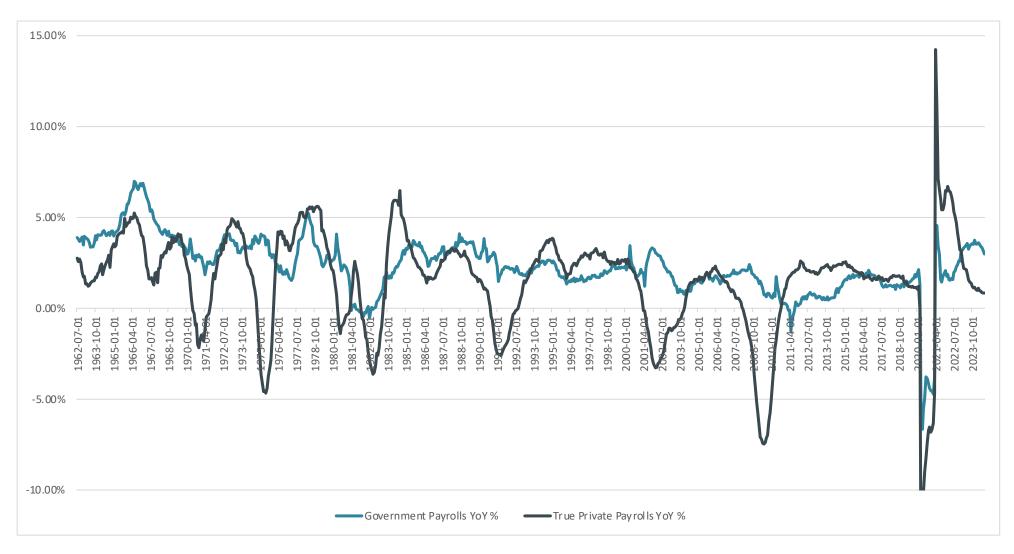
'True Private' Is Decelerating Sharply; Now at the Lowest Growth of any Bull Market Period in 40 Years







'Government' Sector Job Growth Sharply Outpacing 'True Private' Sector



Share of 'government' (government, healthcare & education) has on average been 15-25% of total job growth during every period of economic expansion going back 70 years

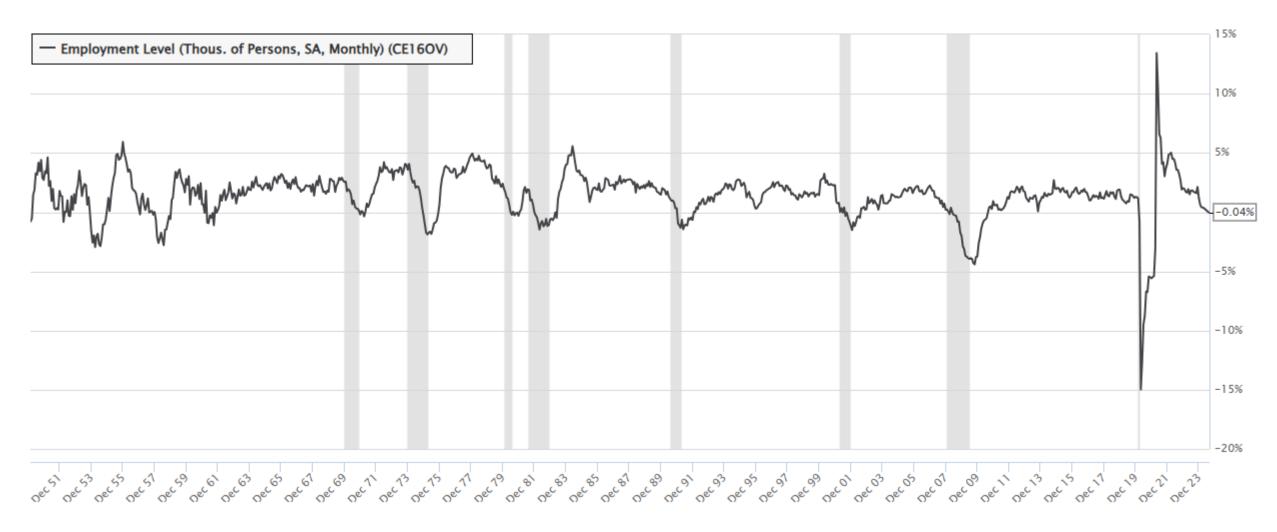


Every single time the share of government jobs has crossed 60%, we've entered recession within the following 12 months every single time with zero false positives

We're currently at 61%.

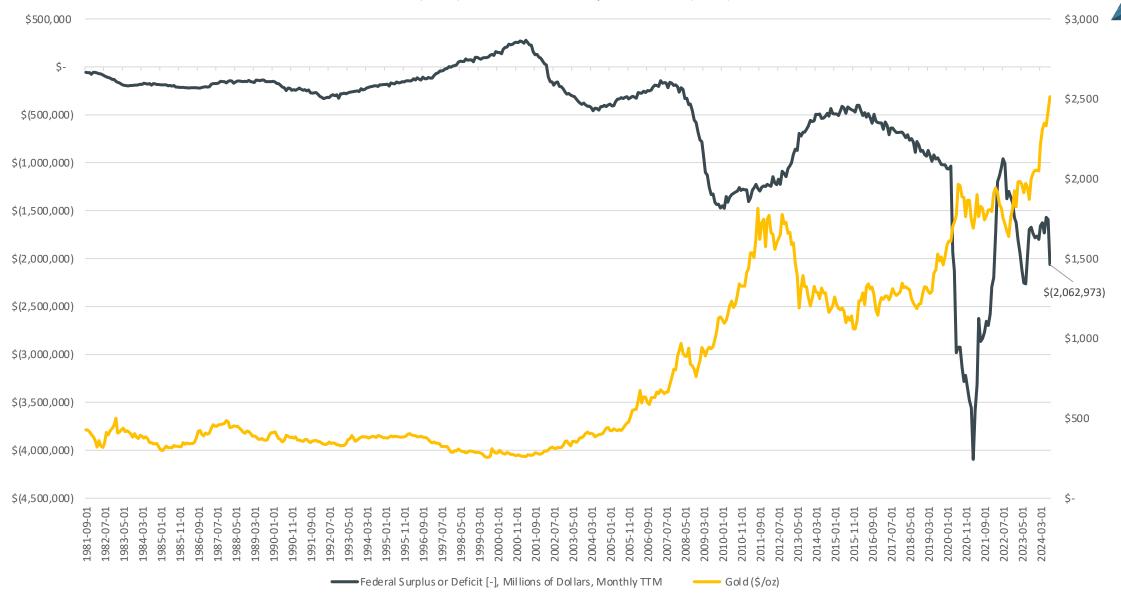
Household Employment Level in Contraction as of August

This has never occurred outside of recessions in the last 70 years of data



Gold's Inverse Relationship with the Fiscal Deficit

Gold (\$/oz) vs US Federal Surplus/Deficit (\$mil)



Source: OMB, Board of Gov Federal Reserve, Zacks Investment Research



Either we are getting set for an epic deflationary productivity boom (prices down, employment down but production up) thanks to AI and other technologies, or we are entering a classical recession. S&P 500 forward P/E = 22x, which ranks in the upper quartile of all observed forward P/E multiples in the past 40 years.



Growth & optimism is priced in. Soft landing thesis is fully priced in.

If we don't get that AI-fueled productivity boom and instead slip into recession, the downside risk is tremendous.

As such, the risk/reward is skewed to the downside in my view.

Zacks Earnings Certain Proxy: Recession-Resistent, Durable Moat-Protected, Low Volatility, Steady Compounders













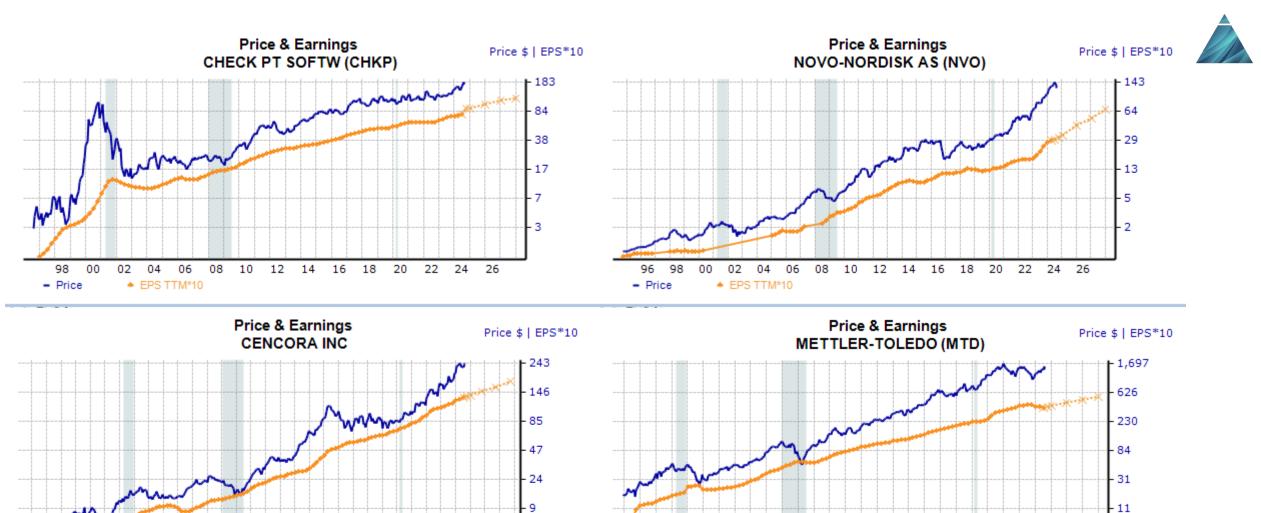


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Earnings stability Earnings growth Return on invested capital Free cash flow conversion





96 98

- Price

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04 06

EPS TTM*10

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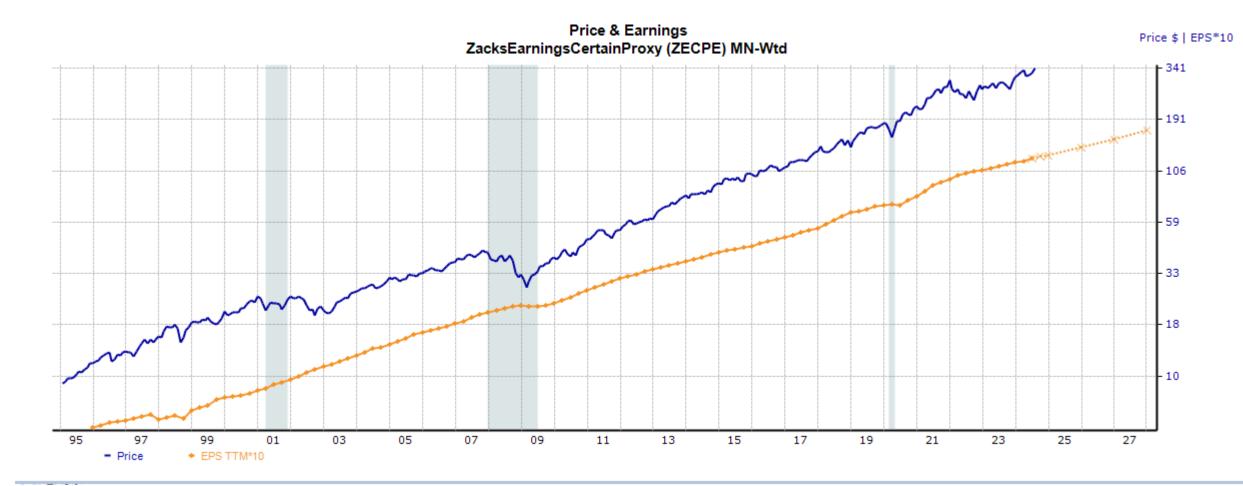
- Price

EPS TTM*10

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